



**National Conference on Latest Innovations in Engineering,
Science, Management and Humanities (NCLIESMH – 2024)**

26th May, 2024, Raipur, Chhattisgarh, India.

CERTIFICATE NO : NCLIESMH /2024/C0524601

A Study of Human Rights Protection Under Constitutional Law in India

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ABSTRACT

Human rights protection under constitutional law in India is a fundamental aspect of the country's democratic framework. The Constitution of India guarantees various rights and freedoms to individuals to ensure dignity, equality, and justice in society. These rights are mainly provided through the Fundamental Rights mentioned in Part III of the Constitution, which include the right to equality, freedom of speech and expression, protection against exploitation, freedom of religion, cultural and educational rights, and the right to constitutional remedies. These provisions protect citizens from discrimination, arbitrary actions, and violations of personal liberty. The judiciary plays an important role in safeguarding these rights, especially through the power of judicial review exercised by the Supreme Court of India and the High Courts of India. Citizens can approach the courts directly when their fundamental rights are violated. In addition, institutions like the National Human Rights Commission work to monitor and address human rights issues in the country.